

4.3 AMRAZ E NISWAN (GYNAECOLOGY)

Theory- One paper- 100 marks
Total teaching hours: 100 hours

OBJECTIVES

The aim of the teaching (during clinical posting) in obstetrics and gynaecology is that student should be able to:

- Diagnosis and management of common gynecological problems and emergencies.
- Diagnosis and management of antenatal, intranatal postnatal period of normal and abnormal pregnancy

AMRAZ-E- NISWAN (Gynaccology)

1. TASHREEH AZA-E-TANASULYA-WA-GHAIR TABAIEE SHAKLEIN
(ANATOMY OF FEMALE GENITAL TRACT AND ITS VARIATIONS,
SUPPORTS AND DEVELOPMENTAL ANOMALIES)
2. TASHREEH E SADDI (ANATOMY OF BREAST)
3. AFAL-E-AZA- E TANASULYA (PHYSIOLOGY OF GENITAL ORGAN)
4. MAREEZ KE SABIQA HALAAT WA ISTAFSARAAT (HISTORY TAKING AND
CLINICAL EXAMINATION)
5. BALUGHAT (PUBERTY AND ADOLESCENCE : PUBERTAL CHANGES AND
PUBERTAL DISORDERS)
6. INQATA E TAMS (MENOPAUSE AND ITS RELATED PROBLEMS)
7. TABAIEE IDRAR-E-TAMS AUR NIZAAM-E- LAQANAATI (PHYSIOLOGY OF
MENSTRUATION AND RELATED ENDOCRINOLOGY)
8. FATOORAT-E-TAMS (MENSTRUAL DISORDERS)
 - Ahtabaas-e-Tams (Amenorrhoea)
 - Tams Makhfi or Tams Kazib or Haiz -e- Makhfi (Cryptomenorrhoea)
 - Usar-e-Tams (Dysmenorrhoea)
 - Qillat Tams (Oligomenorrhoea)
 - Tahtut Tams (Hypomenorrhoea)
 - Taadud-e-Tams (Polymenorrhoea)
 - Kasrat-e-Tams (Menorrhagia)
 - Istehaza (Metrorrhagia)
 - Nazaf-ur-Reham usrul-Wazeefi (Dysfunctional uterine Bleeding D. U. B.)
9. AMRAZ-E-FURJ (DISEASES OF VULVA)
 - Hikkat-ul-Furj (Pruritus Vulvae)
 - Qurooh-ul-Furj (Ulcers of Vulva)
 - Iltihab -e- Furj (Vulvitis)
 - Huzaal (Atrophy)

- Taghayyuraat Bain Ul Bashra, Daweera and Sulaat (Neoplasia and Cyst and Neoplasm)

10. AMRAZ-E-MEHBAL (DISEASES OF VAGINA)

- IttiHab-e-Mehbal (Vaginitis and Bacterial Vaginosis)
- Qurooh-e-Mehbal (Ulcers of Vagina)
- Khurooj-e-Mehbal (Prolapse of Vagina) & Isterkhai Mehbal
- Tashannuj-e-Mehbal (Vaginismus)
- Taghayyuraat Bain Ul Bashra, Daweera and Sulaat (Neoplasia, Cyst and Neoplasm)

11. AMRAJ-E-REHAM (DISEASES OF UTERUS)

- Sua-e-Mizaj-e-Reham (Abnormal Temprement of uterus)
- IttiHab-e-Unaq-ur-Reham (Cervicitis)
- Taakkul-unaq-ur-Reham (Cervical Erosion)
- IttiHab-e-Reham (Inflammation of Uterus)
- Mailan wa Aujaj -ur-Reham (Displacement of Uterus)
- Inzalaq-e-Reham or Khurooj-e-Reham (Prolapse of Uterus)
- Inqalab-e-Reham (Inversion of Uterus)
- Taghayyuraat Bain Ul Bashra, Daweera and Sulaat (Neoplasia , Cyst and Neoplasm)
- Bawaseer Ur Reham (Polypi of Uterus)

12. AMRAZ-E-QAZAFAIN-WA-KHUSYATUR-REHAM ((DISEASES OF THE FALLOPIAN TUBES AND OVARIES)

- IttiHab-e-Qazafain (Salpingitis)
- IttiHab-e-Khusyatur-Reham (Oophoritis)
- Daweera-wa-Sulaat (Cyst ,Tumours and disorders of ovaries)
- Marz-e IttiHab-e Hauz -e Ana (PID)
- Haad wa Muzmin Waja-e- Hauz -e- Ana(Acute and Chronic Pelvic Pain)

13. SAILAN-UR-REHAM WA GHAIR TABAIEE MEHBALI AFRAZAAT (EXCESSIVE AND ABNORMAL VAGINAL DISCHARGE)

14. UQR (INFERTILITY)

15. AZA-E-TANASULYA KE-ZARBAAT (INJURIES OF GENITAL TRACT)

16. AZA-E-TANASULYA-KE-NAASOOR (GENITAL TRACT FISTULAE)

17. ILTISAQ WA TAZAYYUQ-E- AZA-E-TANASULYA (ADHESIONS & ATRESIA OF GENITAL TRACT)

18. BATAN-E WA DAROON – E- REHMIYAT (ENDOMETRIOSIS AND ADENOMYOSIS)

19. AMRAZ--E-MANQOOLA JINSIA (SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES)

- Qarah-e-Rakhv (Soft Sore or Chancroid)
- Aatshak (Syphilis)
- Suzaak (Gonorrhoea)
- Chlymidial Infection

- Trichomoniasis
- Illat-Qillat Mana-at-E-Maksooba (IQMEM) (HIV)
- HSV (Herpes Simplex Virus)
- HPV (Human Papilloma Virus)
- Lymphogranuloma venerum & Granuloma inguinale

20. TADARUN-E-AZA-E-TANASULYA (GENITAL TUBERCULOSIS)

21. LAYYAN UL IZAAM AND NAKHRUL (HASHSATUL) IZAAM (OSTEOMYELITIS AND OSTEOPOROSIS).

22. JINS WA TAGHAYYURAT-E-BAIN-UL-JINS (SEX AND INTERSEXUALITY)

23. AMRAZ-E-NISWAN MEIN HORMONE SE ILAJ (HORMONE AND PHYTO HORMONE THERAPY IN GYNAECOLOGICAL DISORDERS)

24. KHANDANI MANSOOBA BANDI WA MAANA E HAMAL TADABEER (FAMILY PLANNING & CONTRACEPTIVE MEASURES)

25. TASKHEESI WA MOALEJAATI AMALYAAT (DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES)

- Hormone Assay
- Screening procedures (VIA, Schiller's, High Vaginal Swab)
- Imtihaan -e- Khalvi (Cytological examinations): Pap Smear Test
- Imtihaan-e-Naseej-e- Marzi (Histopathological examinations)
- Tanzeerul Mehbal wa Reham (Colposcopy and Hysteroscopy)
- Tanzeer ul Batan (Laparoscopy)
- Shigaf-e-Batan (Laprotomy)
- Batan Beeni hamrah Rangbeeni (Laparoscopy with dye instillation)
- Hawai Amboob Nigari (Tubal insufflation Test)
- Shigaaf-e- Reham (Hysterotomy)
- Ambubi- reham Nigari (Hysterosalpingography)
- Reham Barari (Hysterectomy)
- Salaa Azli Leefi Barari (Myomectomy)
- Ittasa wa Ijtaraafa (Dilatation and Curettage)
- Imaging Techniques in Gynaecology (Ultra Sonogram C.T.Scan, X-rays and Magnetic Resonance Imaging)

26. AMRAZ-E-SADDIYAIN (DISEASES OF BREAST)

- Tashreeh e Saddi (Anatomy of Breast)
- Imtehaan-e- Saddiyain (Breast Examination)
- Waja e Saddi (Mastalgia)
- Ittihab-e-Saddiyain (Mastitis)
- Khuraj-Saddi (Breast Abscess)
- Daweera-wa-Sulaat-e-Saddi (Cyst and tumours of Breast)